Lilly

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Strattera® Capsules

Other means of identification

Item Code ZD3227, ZD3239, ND1063, UC9547, ND1090, ND1101, ND1064, ND1103, PU3251, UC9550,

UC9546, ND1104, ND1102, UC9548, ND1062, PU3226, UC9549, PU3250, PU3229, PU3239, PU3225, ND1061, PU3238, PU3227, B02453, B02455, B02457, B02459, B02490, TP5800,

TP5801, TP5802

Synonyms Benzenepropanamine, N-methyl-gamma-(2-methylphenoxy)-, hydrochloride, (gammaR)- *

(-)-N-Methyl-3-phenyl-3-(ortho-tolyloxy)-propylamine hydrochloride

LY Number LY404363

Recommended use Pharmaceutical

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name Eli Lilly and Company
Address Lilly Corporate Center
Indianapolis, IN 46285

United States

Telephone Phone: +1-317-276-2000

E-mail lilly_msds@lilly.com

Emergency phone number CHEMTREC: +1-800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

Category 2

exposure

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

Material name: Strattera® Capsules

P330

P305 + P351 +

Rinse mouth.

P338

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Disposal Hazard(s) not otherwise

P310 Storage

> Not available. None known.

Not available.

Supplemental information

classified (HNOC)

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Atomoxetine Hydrochloride	LY404363 hydrochloride (3R)-N-methyl-3-(2-methylphenoxy)-3-ph enylpropan-1-amine hydrochloride Benzenepropanamine, N-methyl-gamma-(2-methylphenoxy)-, hydrochloride, (gammaR)-	82248-59-7	2 - 33
Composition comments	Remaining components of this product are non-hazardous and/or are present at concentrations below reportable levels.		

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Skin contact Move to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

Eve contact

In case of eve contact, remove contact lens and rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Ingestion

Give several glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is

having convulsions. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs (Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

An airway should be established. Monitoring of cardiac and vital signs is recommended, along with appropriate symptomatic and supportive measures. Gastric lavage may be indicated if performed soon after ingestion. Because atomoxetine is highly protein-bound, dialysis is not likely to be useful in the treatment of overdose.

General information

The recommendations in this section are intended for manufacturing or other situations where exposure to contents may occur.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical or water.

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions. protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up **Environmental precautions**

Do not sweep. Vacuum material with appropriate dust collection filter in place. If vacuum is not available, lightly mist/wet material and remove by mopping or wet wiping.

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Material name: Strattera® Capsules 4445 Version #: 11 Revision date: 10-09-2019 Issue date: 09-25-2015 Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Lilly (LEG)
ComponentsTypeValueAtomoxetine Hydrochloride
(CAS 82248-59-7)TWA (12hrs)25 ug/m3TWA (8hrs)38 ug/m3

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering

controls

Open handling is not recommended. Use appropriate control measures such as fume hood,

ventilated enclosure, local exhaust ventilation, or down-draft booth.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Safety glasses with side shields recommended. If splash potential or dusty operations, wear

goggles/faceshield.

Skin protection

Hand protection Chemical resistant gloves.

Other Chemical-resistant gloves and impermeable body covering to minimize skin contact.

Respiratory protection If the applicable occupational exposure level (OEL) is anticipated to be exceeded, wear an

approved respirator with sufficient protection factor to control exposure below the OEL.

Thermal hazards Not available.

General hygiene considerations

Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control workplace exposures. Follow good workplace hygiene practices such as washing hands after handling this material.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Solid.
Form Capsule

Color White to off-white. (ingredients)

Blue (capsules)

Odor Odorless
Odor threshold Not available.

PH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Flash point Not applicable.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) No test data available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Material name: Strattera® Capsules
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Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Explosive properties Not explosive. **Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Not water reactive.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid None known.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed. The formulated material is not expected to pose an inhalation hazard.

Components Species Test Results

Atomoxetine Hydrochloride (CAS 82248-59-7)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD Rabbit > 200 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 330 mg/m3, 4 h racemic mixture

Oral

LD Dog > 37.5 mg/kg Tremors. Myoclonic jerking.

Dilated pupils.

LD50 Rat > 300 mg/kg (fed) Mortality. Myoclonic

jerking.

196 mg/kg fasted

Other

LD50 Rat 25 mg/kg Intravenous

Skin corrosion/irritation Rabbit: No irritation. (Atomoxetine hydrochloride)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye Rabbit: Corrosive.

irritation Immediate rinsing may prevent permanent damage. (Atomoxetine hydrochloride)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitizationDue to lack of data the classification is not possible. **Skin sensitization**Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Germ cell mutagenicity Result in genetic toxicity assays (in vitro and in vivo): Negative (Atomoxetine hydrochloride)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CarcinogenicityNo evidence of carcinogenicity reported in two-year studies at dietary concentrations up to 0.1%

(rats) and 0.3% (mice). (Atomoxetine hydrochloride)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Material name: Strattera® Capsules sps us

Reproductive toxicity

Slight fertility effects reported in a 1-generation fertility study in rats. However, fertility findings were not duplicated in a subsequent 2-generation study at equivalent doses and route of administration. Embryo-fetal developmental toxicity studies in rats and rabbits indicate that atomoxetine is not teratogenic or embryotoxic. Study results indicate that atomoxetine administered to young rats causes a slight delay in puberty and in epididymal sperm counts but that these effects have no impact on reproduction. (Atomoxetine hydrochloride)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Tremors. Elevated blood pressure. Increased heart rate. (Atomoxetine hydrochloride)

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Hepatotoxicity (increased liver weight, hepatocellular vacuolation, increased serum ALT) was reported in male rats given dietary concentrations greater than or equal to 0.01% for 3 or 12 months and in mice given 0.4% in diet for 3 months. No hepatoxicity was observed in dogs administered up to 16 mg/kg/day for 3 or 12 months. Clinical signs (pupillary light response, tremors, dilated pupils) were observed in dogs given less than 8 mg/kg/day for 1 year. Young rats administered up to 50 mg/kg/day from 10 days of age through adulthood matured physically and behaviorally with no major organ toxicity. (Atomoxetine hydrochloride)

Aspiration hazard

No aspiration toxicity classification (Atomoxetine hydrochloride)

Further information

The most commonly reported symptoms accompanying acute and chronic overdoses were gastrointestinal symptoms, somnolence, dizziness, tremor, and abnormal behavior. Hyperactivity and agitation have also been reported. Signs and symptoms consistent with mild to moderate sympathetic nervous system activation (e.g., tachycardia, blood pressure increased, mydriasis, dry mouth) were also observed. Most events were mild to moderate. (Atomoxetine hydrochloride)

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Atomoxetine Hydrochlo	oride (CAS 82248-5	9-7)	
Acute			
	EC50		73.1 mg/l, 3 h (Respiration inhibition of activated sludge) (Atomoxetine)
	NOEC		12.5 mg/l, 3 h (Respiration inhibition of activated sludge) (Atomoxetine)
Other	EC50	Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	0.73 mg/l, 72 h (average specific growth rate) (Atomoxetine)
			0.42 mg/l, 72 h (biomass) (Atomoxetine)
	NOEC	Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	0.26 mg/l, 72 h (biomass) (Atomoxetine)
			0.26 mg/l, 72 h (average specific growth rate) (Atomoxetine)
Chronic			
	LOEC	C. riparius	> 77 mg/kg, 28 d (Full Life-Cycle Toxicity) (Atomoxetine)
	NOEC	C. riparius	77 mg/kg, 28 d (Full Life-Cycle Toxicity) (Atomoxetine)
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	5.7 mg/l, 48 h (Atomoxetine)
	NOEC	Daphnia magna	0.49 mg/l, 48 h (Atomoxetine)
Fish	LC50	Rainbow Trout	8.8 mg/l, 96 h (Atomoxetine)
	NOEC	Rainbow Trout	3.6 mg/l, 96 h (Atomoxetine)
Chronic			
Crustacea	LOEC	Daphnia magna	0.95 mg/l, 21 d (Atomoxetine)
	NOEC	Daphnia magna	0.47 mg/l, 21 d (Atomoxetine)
Fish	LOEC	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	0.09 mg/l (embryo + 28 days post hatch) (Atomoxetine)

SDS US

Test Results Components **Species**

NOEC

Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 0.032 mg/l (embryo + 28 days post

hatch) (Atomoxetine)

A LAEG is the maximum allowable concentration at the point of application that is expected to result in no appreciable risk to populations of aquatic and terrestrial organisms, or to human health. All data is for Atomoxetine.

LILLY AQUATIC EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:

Atomoxetine Hydrochloride

Drinking water LAEG (at the point where surface water is taken for drinking water):

4.8 µg/l

Chronic LAEG (at the edge of the chronic mixing zone):

Acute LAEG (at the edge of the acute mixing zone):

3.2 µg/l 219 µg/l

Persistence and degradability

Atomoxetine:

Sludge biodegration (96-hour batch method, aerobic, 2.5 g/L activated sludge solids)

Half-life of atomoxetine: 136 hours

>1.92% CO2 evolution 24.5% metabolite formation

Degradation in aquatic sediment (100 days, static, aerobic):

0.3% to 0.9% CO2 evolution

Half-life from overlying water: < 3 days

Half-life from water/sediment system: 289 to 630 days

Hydrolysis: <10% over 5 days at 50C

Photolysis: not expected

Bioaccumulative potential

log Kow: < 4.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Atomoxetine Hydrochloride 0.104, (pH 4) (as free base)

0.676, (pH 7) (as free base) 2.81, (pH 9) (as free base)

Mobility in soil No data available. Not available. Other adverse effects

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

UN number UN3077

Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Atomoxetine Hydrochloride) UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 9 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** Yes 9L **ERG Code**

Special precautions for user Not available.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number UN3077

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Atomoxetine Hydrochloride)

Class 9 Subsidiary risk

Packing group III Environmental hazards

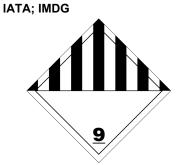
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Special precautions for user Not available.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

the ibc cou



Marine pollutant



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Classified hazard
categoriesAcute toxicity (any route of exposure)Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Material name: Strattera® Capsules sps us

US state regulations

California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or regionInventory nameOn inventory (yes/no)*CanadaDomestic Substances List (DSL)NoCanadaNon-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)NoUnited States & Puerto RicoToxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) InventoryNo

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing

country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 09-25-2015

 Revision date
 10-09-2019

Version # 11

List of abbreviations DOT: Department of Transportation (49 CFR 172.101).

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IMDG Code: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.

LAEG: Lilly Aquatic Exposure Guideline. LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%.

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%. LEG: Lilly Exposure Guideline.

NOEC: No observed effect concentration.

TWA: Time Weighted Average

Disclaimer As of the date of issuance, we are providing available information relevant to the handling of this

material in the workplace. All information contained herein is offered with the good faith belief that it is accurate. THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO CREATE ANY WARRANTY OF ANY KIND (INCLUDING WARRANTY OF MERCHANT ABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE). In the event of an adverse incident associated with this material, this safety data sheet is not intended to be a substitute for consultation with appropriately trained personnel. Nor is this safety data sheet intended to be a substitute for product literature

which may accompany the finished product.

For additional information contact:

Eli Lilly and Company Hazard Communication +1-317-651-9533

Revision information Physical and chemical properties: Form

Material name: Strattera® Capsules sps us